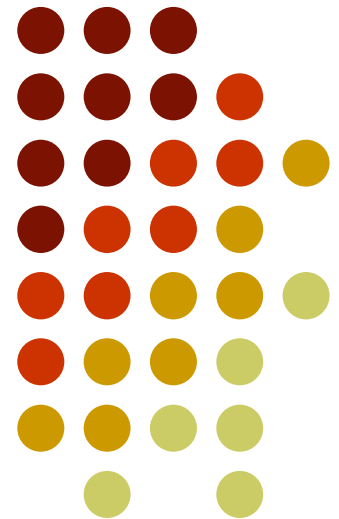
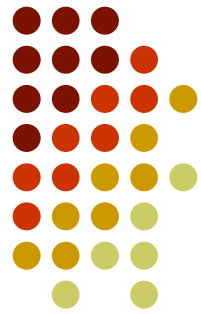


A real-world evaluation of NILM: tradeoffs between data collection and information effectiveness

Ethan Goldman, Mario Berges

Advisors: *Lucio Soibelman,*
H. Scott Matthews





Vision

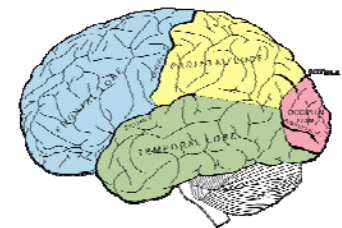
- Motivate energy conservation
- Facilitate appliance-specific energy awareness
 - Exploiting **low-cost data streams**
 - For **high-value information**
 - To **empower and motivate consumers**



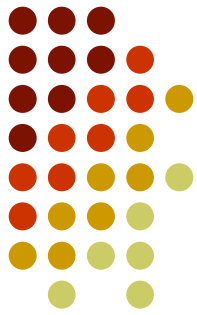
Analog



AMR/AMI



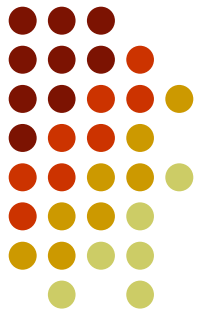
User
engagement



Information Value vs. Cost

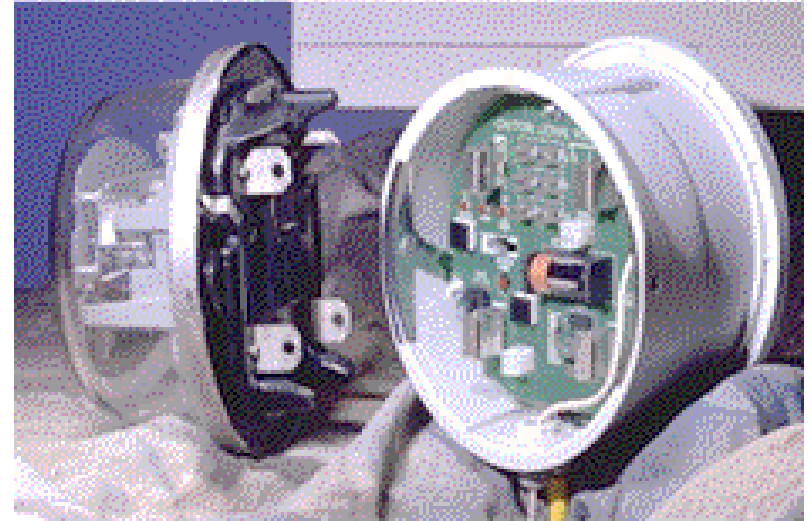
- Whole house
 - monthly: free
 - daily: free (some places)
 - real-time: \$200
- Circuit-level: \$2k - \$10k
- Plug-level: \$20k - \$60k

- Hardware costs may fall. Labor won't.



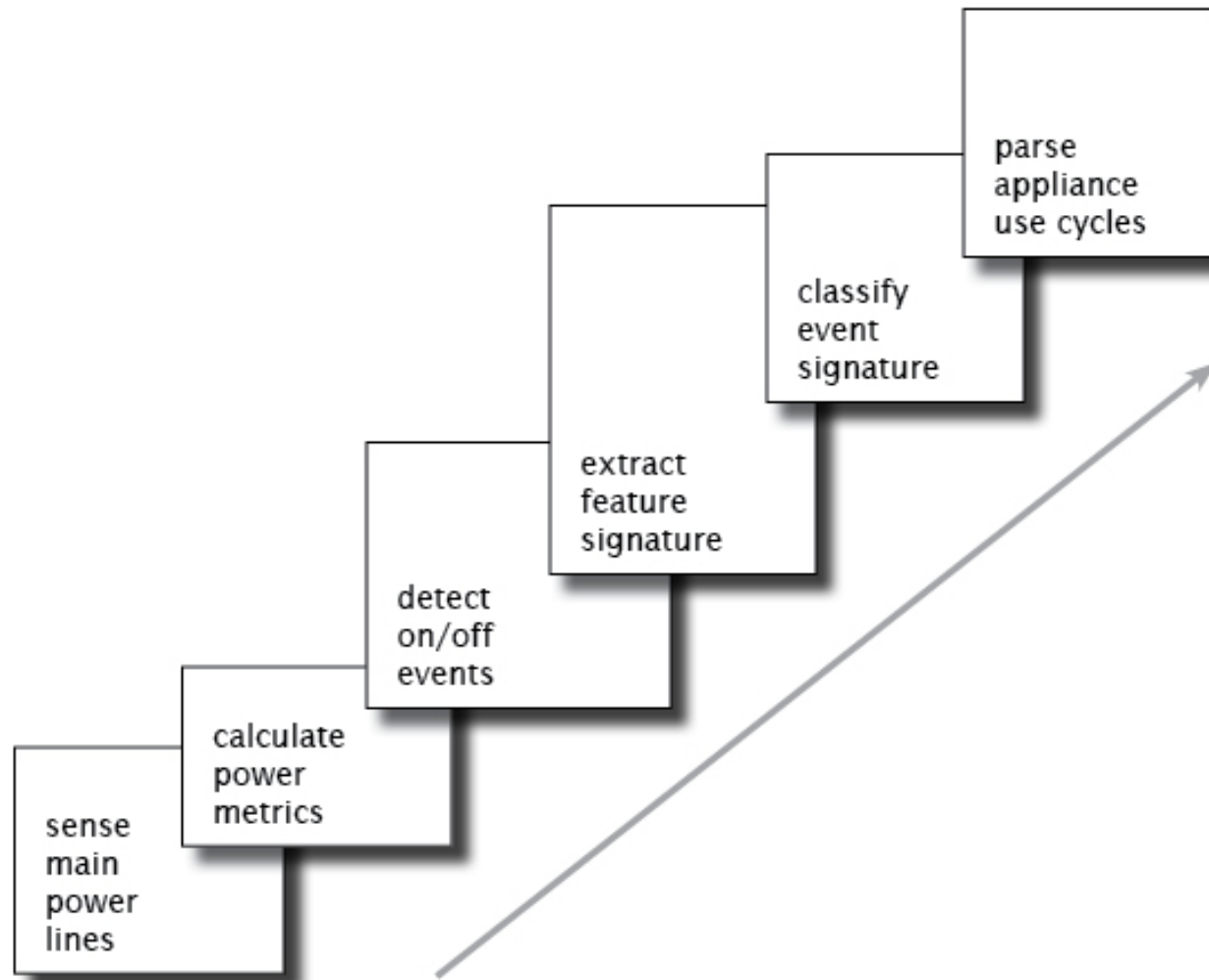
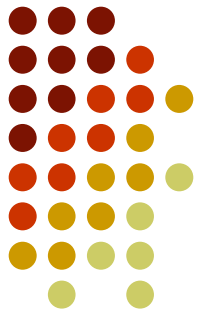
Non-Intrusive Load Monitoring

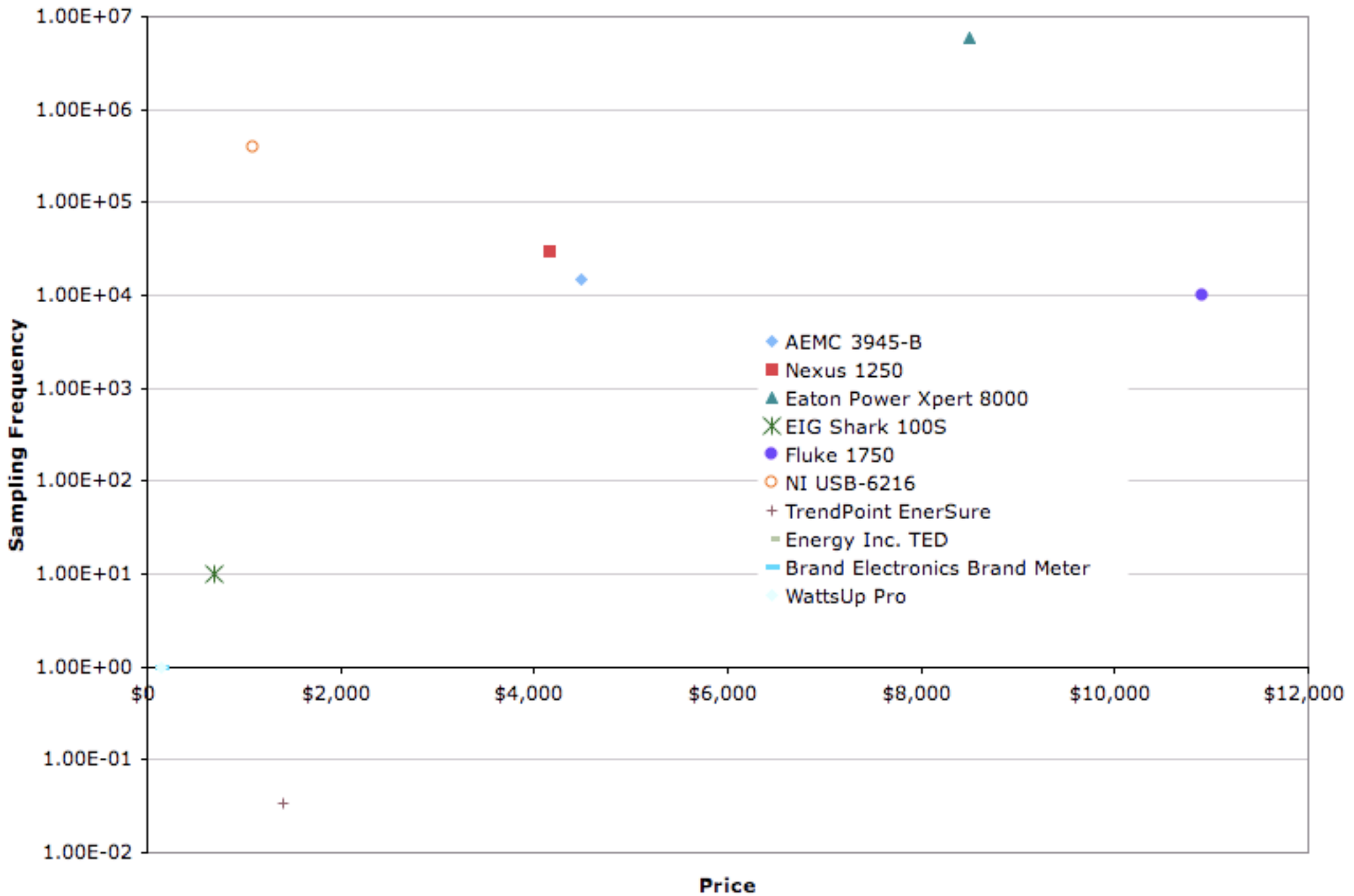
- NILM has been around for 20+ years.
- Very promising results in laboratory settings.
- One commercial product for utilities.
- Can it be adapted for low-cost hardware?

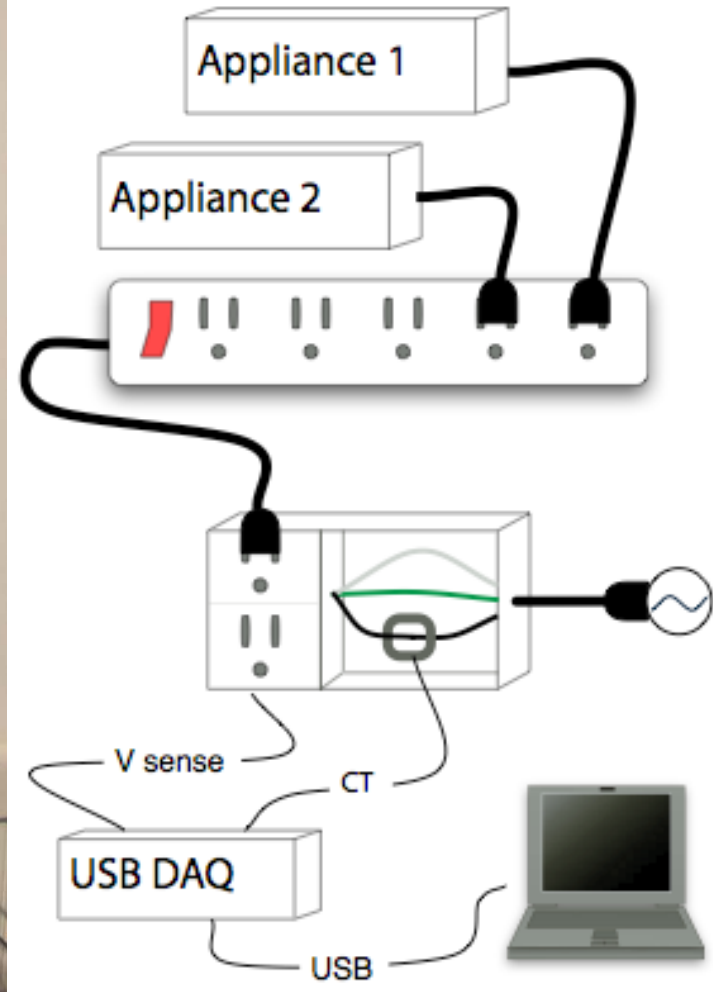
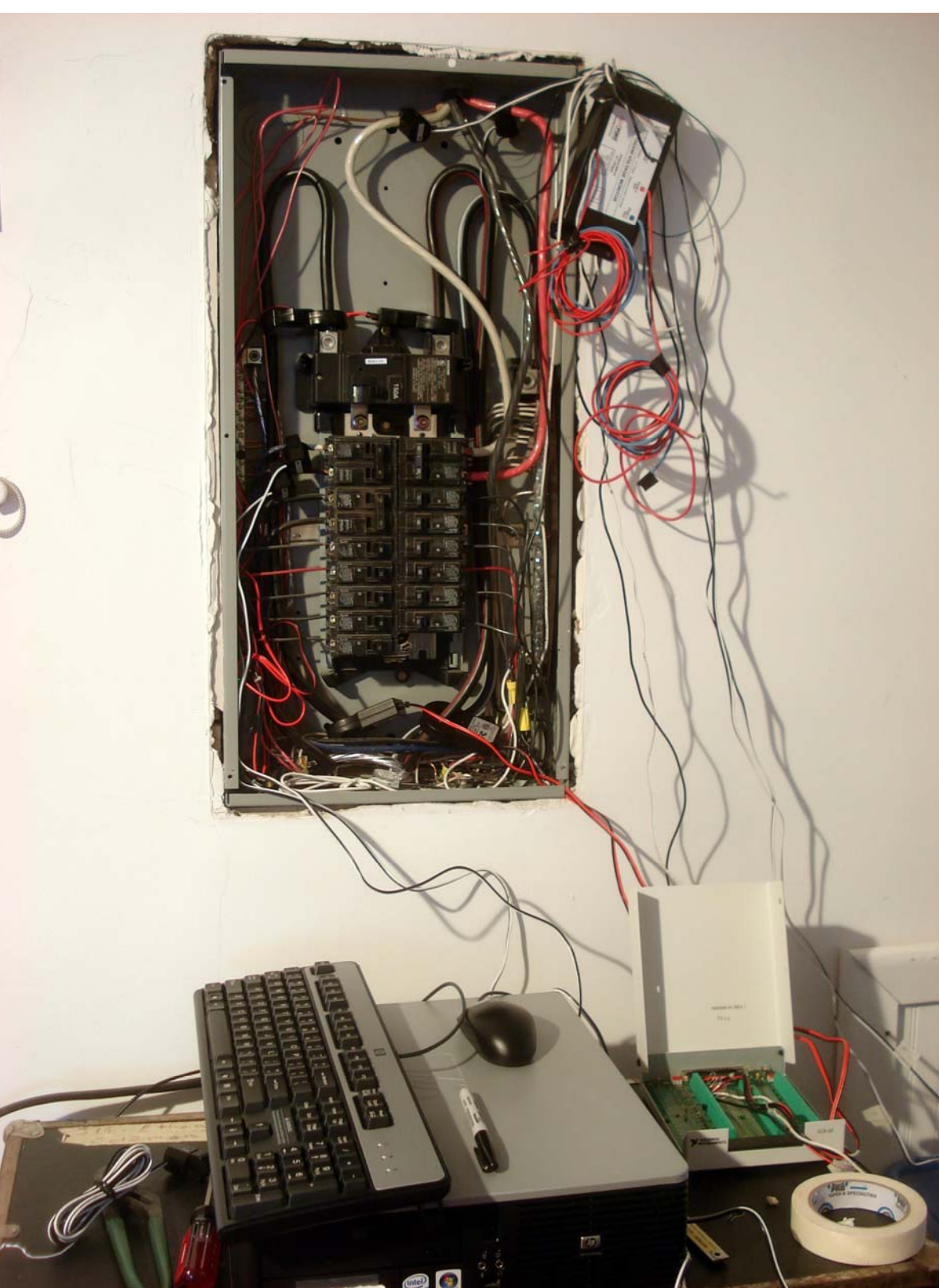
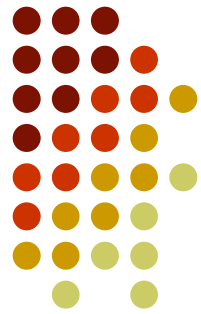


Source: Enetics, Inc.

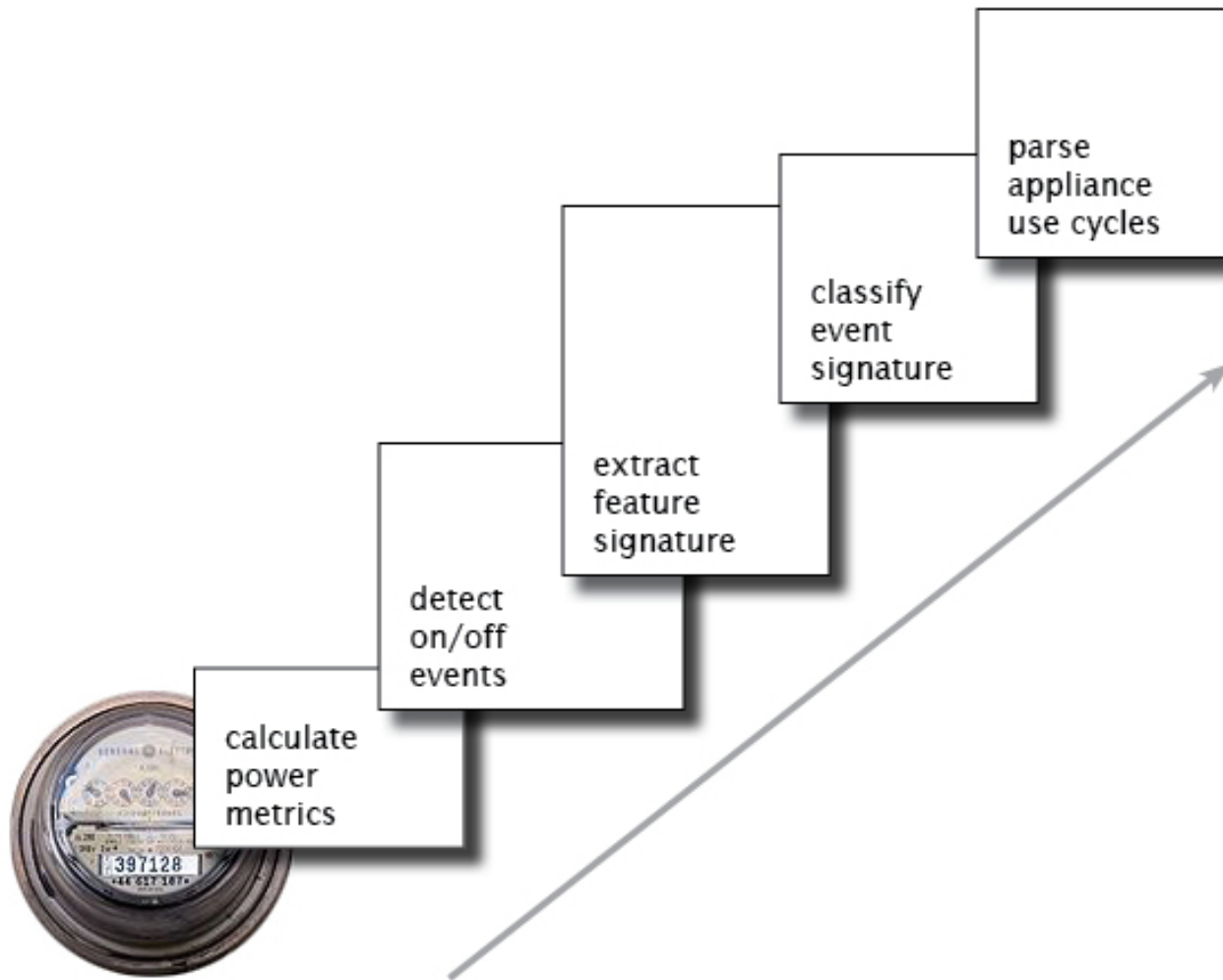
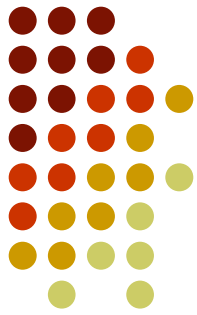
Data flow





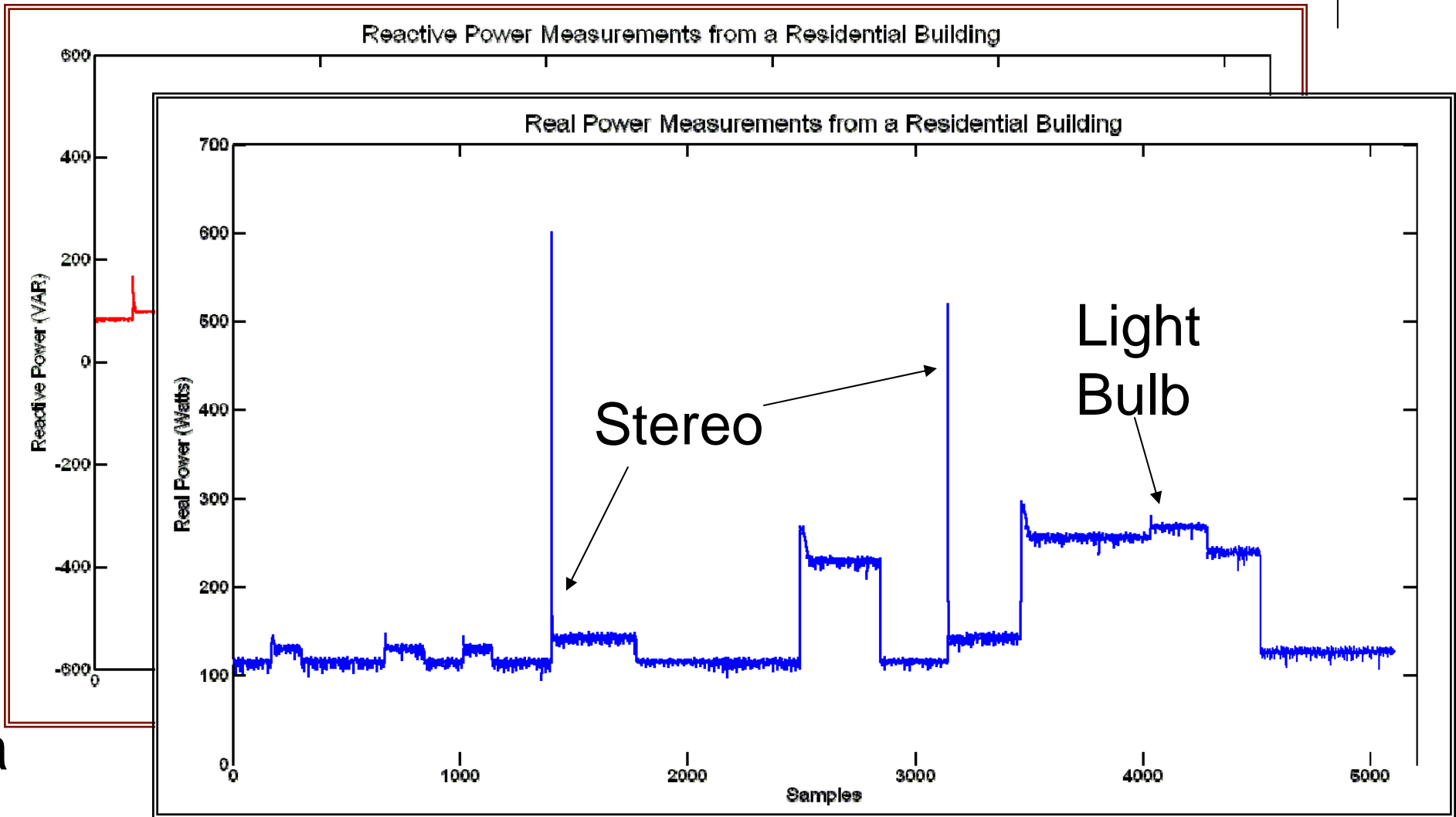


Data flow



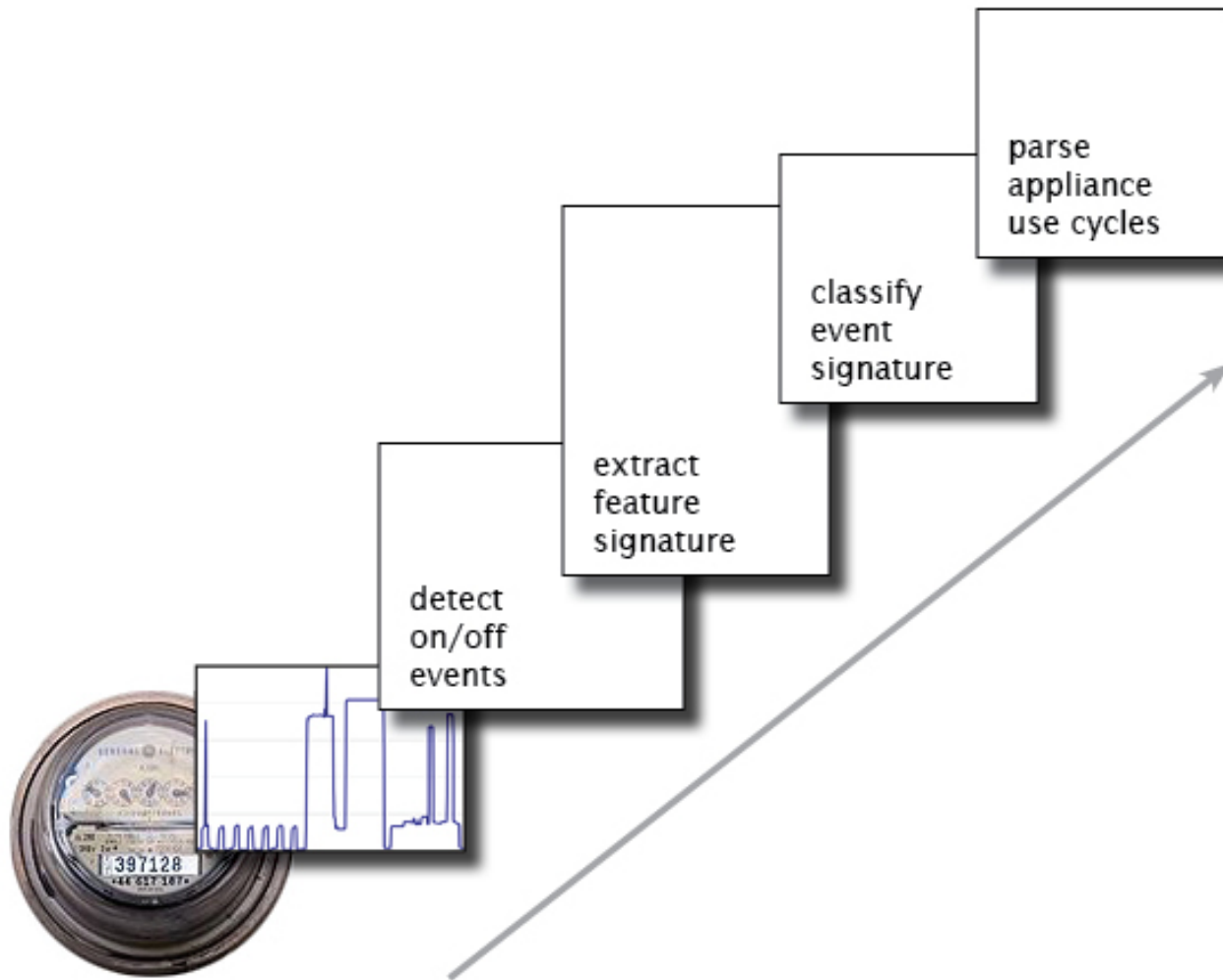
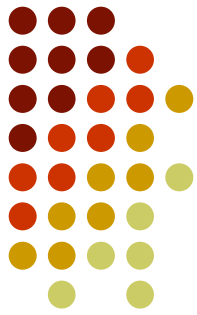


The obtained signals



Qa

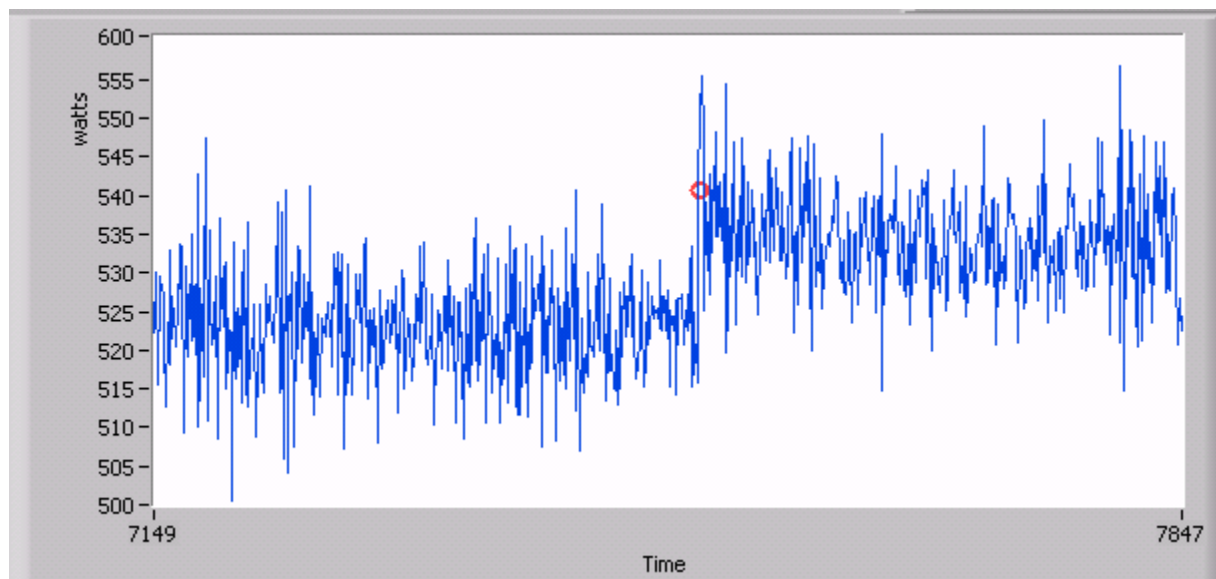
Data flow





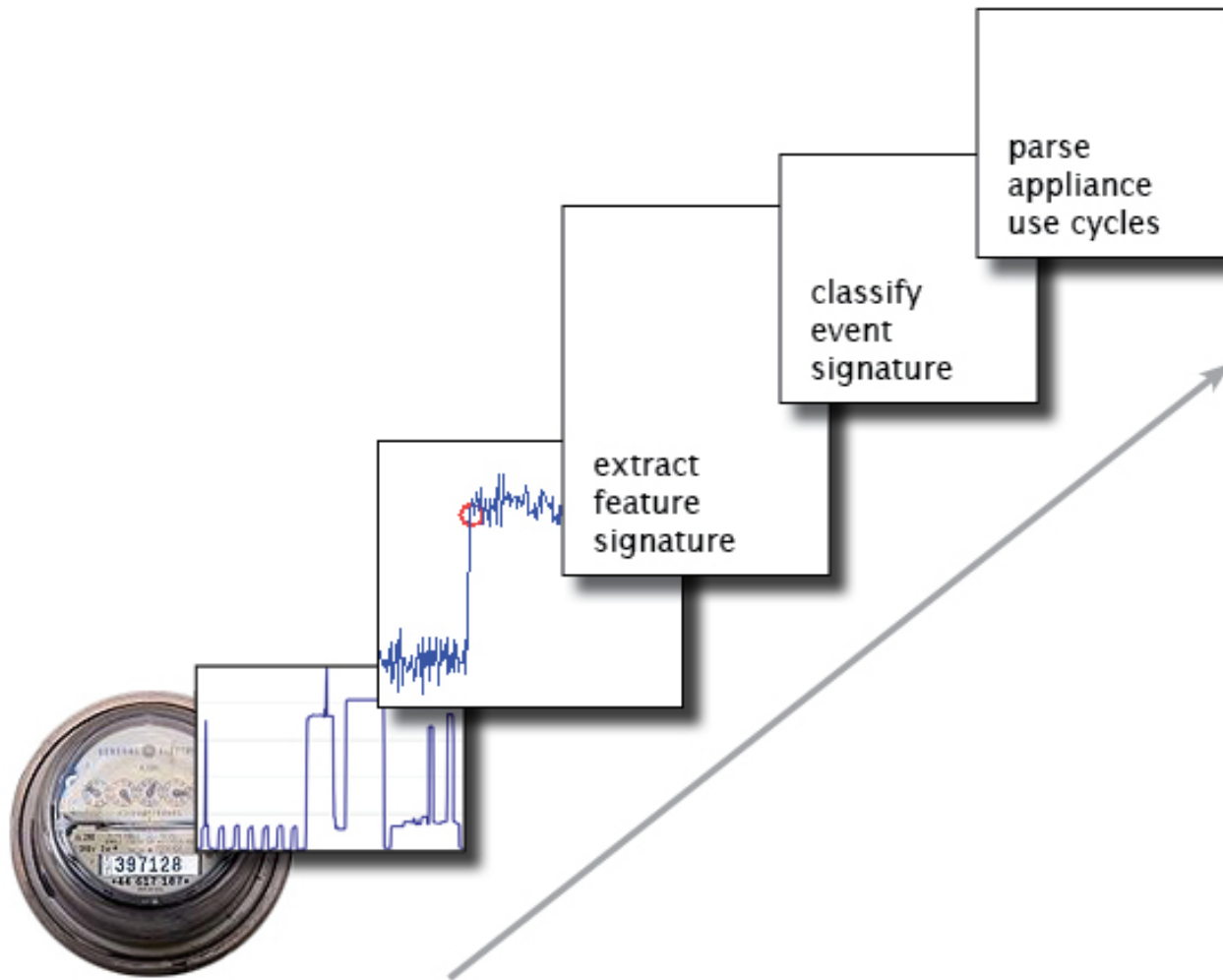
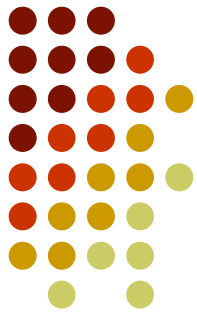
Event Detection

- Probabilistic approach
 - Generalized Likelihood Ratio

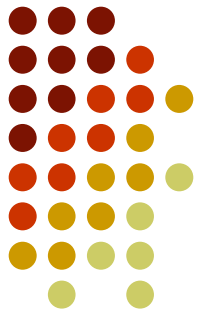


- Currently testing wavelets

Data flow



Event Classification: Feature Extraction



Electric Burner:

Electric Kettle:

OFF – ON



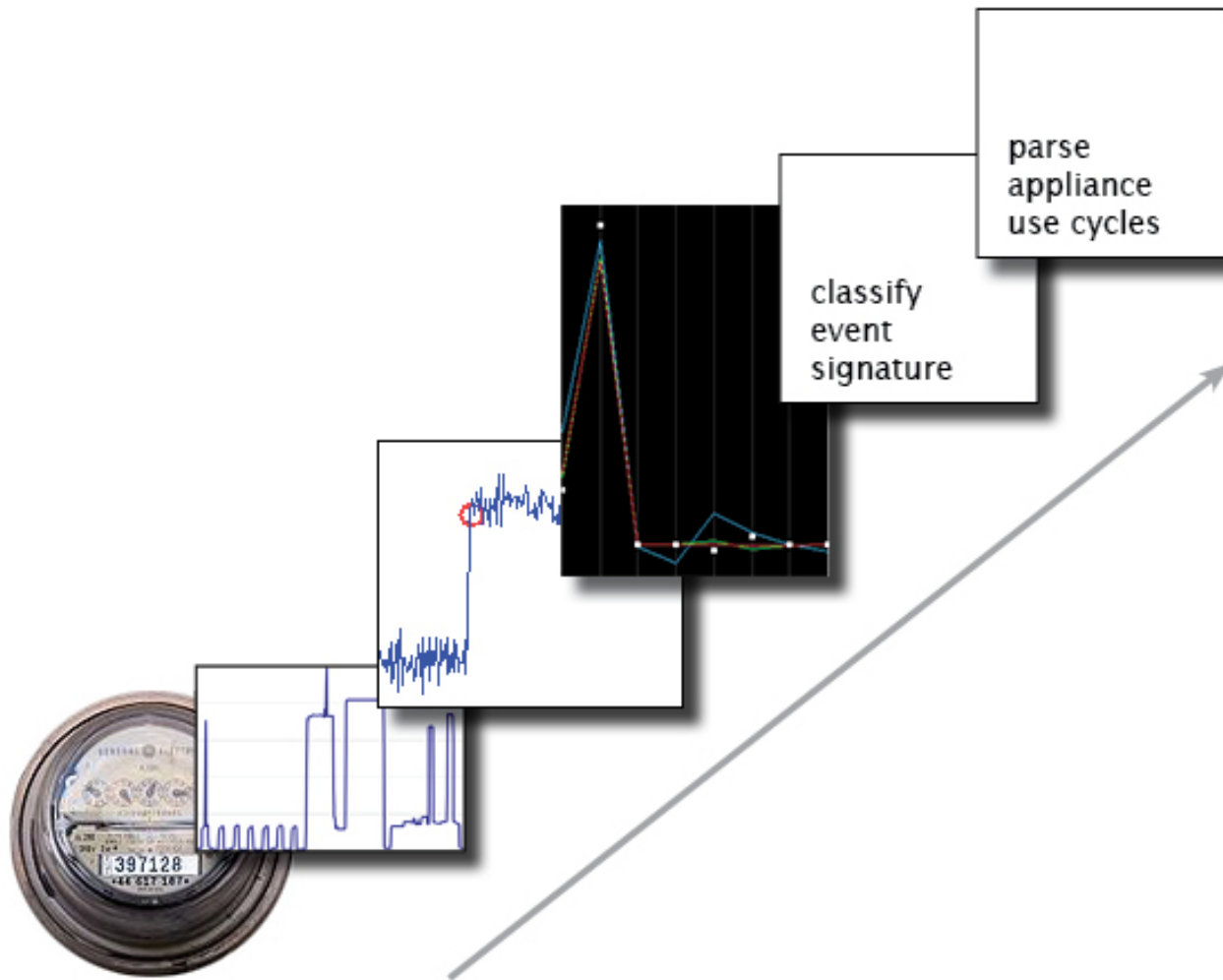
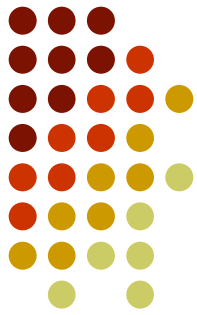
OFF – ON

ON – OFF



ON – OFF

Data flow



Event Classification: Training Classifiers



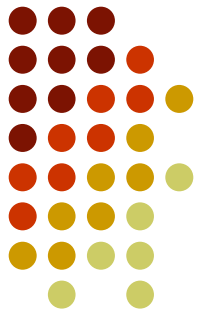
- Two different setups:
 - 17 appliances in an occupied residential building (Real World)
 - 8 appliances in a laboratory (Noise Free)
- Four different classifiers:
 - Gaussian Naïve Bayes
 - 1-Nearest Neighbor
 - AdaBoost
 - Decision Trees

Event Classification: Training Results



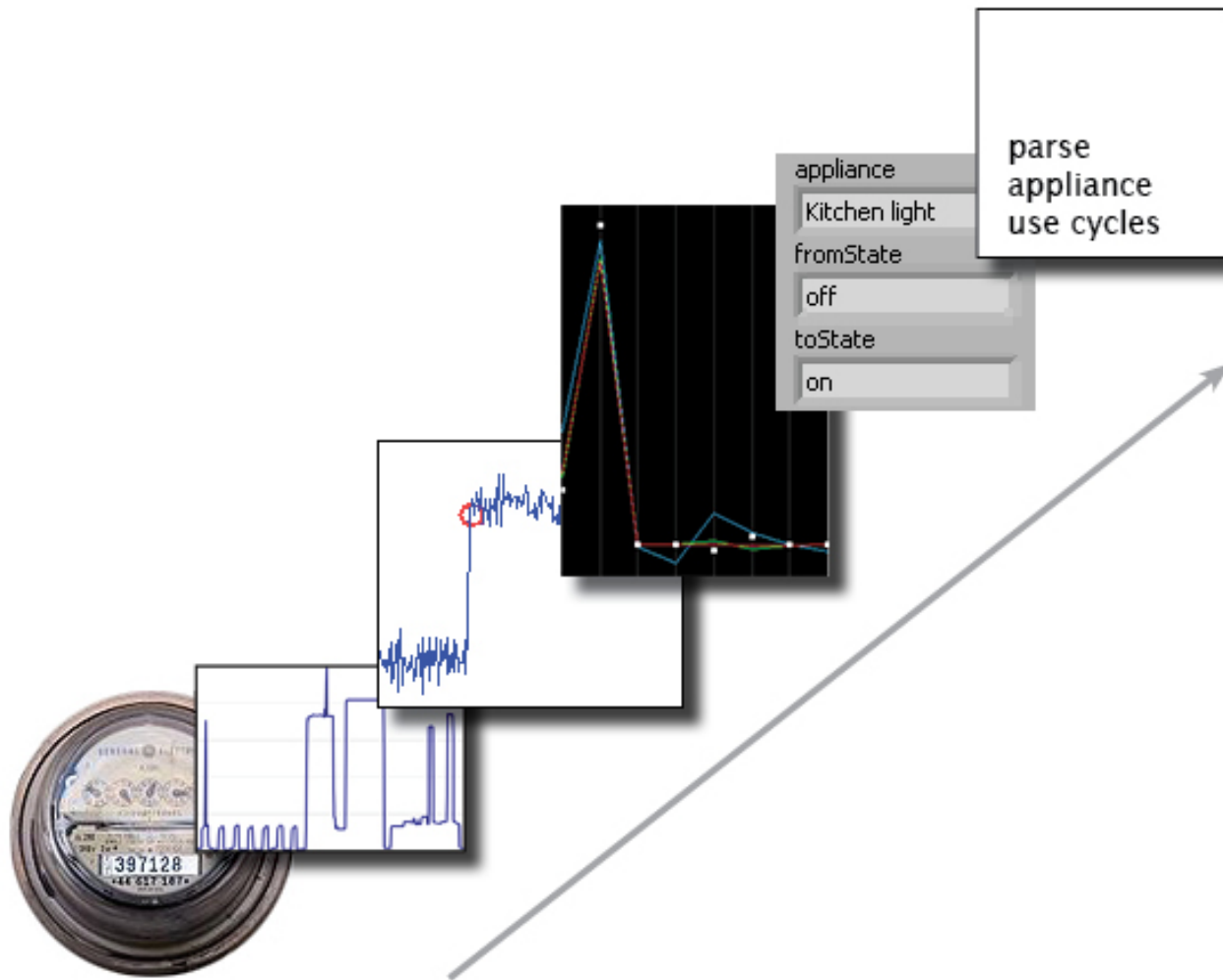
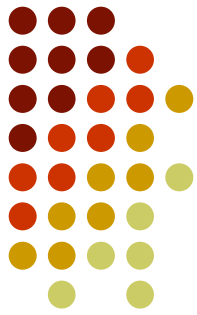
- **k-Nearest Neighbors (kNN)**
 - NF – 90% (RBF Coef.), RW – 81% (RBF Coef.)
- **Gaussian Naïve Bayes (GNB)**
 - NF – 83% (Delta), RW – 57% (Poly. Coef.)
- **AdaBoost**
 - NF – 76% (Poly. Coef.), RW – 0.50% (Poly. Coef.)
- **Decision Trees**
 - NF – 85% (Delta), RW – 58% (RBF Coef.)

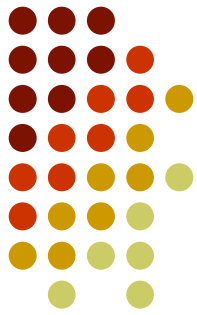
Event Classification: Validation Results



Validation Results (Accuracy in %)		GNB	kNN, k=1	Ada Boost	DT
Noise Free	Delta	52%	67%	51%	61%
	Whole Transient	38%	73%	--	58%
	Polynomial Coefficients	58%	67%	51%	52%
	Fourier Coefficients	64%	79%	2%	64%
	RBF Coefficients	67%	67%	**	64%
Real World	Delta	47%	73%	36%	42%
	Whole Transient	9%	73%	--	47%
	Polynomial Coefficients	61%	80%	61%	57%
	Fourier Coefficients	50%	80%	55%	54%
	RBF Coefficients	47%	76%	35%	54%

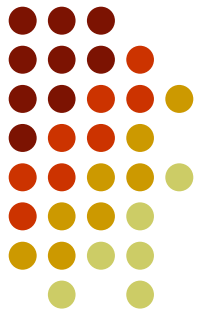
Data flow





Testing sensitivity

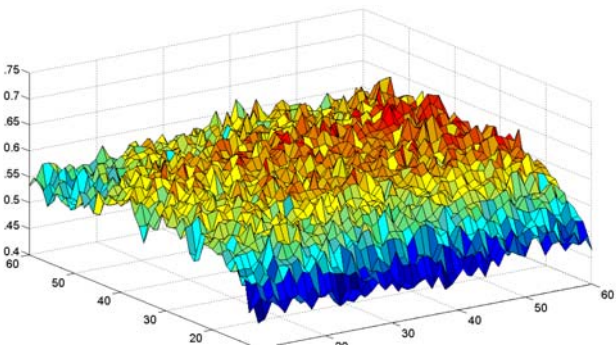
- Hardware: sampling each phase or total kW?
- Power metrics: real and reactive power?
- Sampling rate: 20 Hz - 15 seconds/sample?
 - Averaging vs. point samples
 - Continuously variable sampling rate
- Features of transitions: 2nd-order regression?



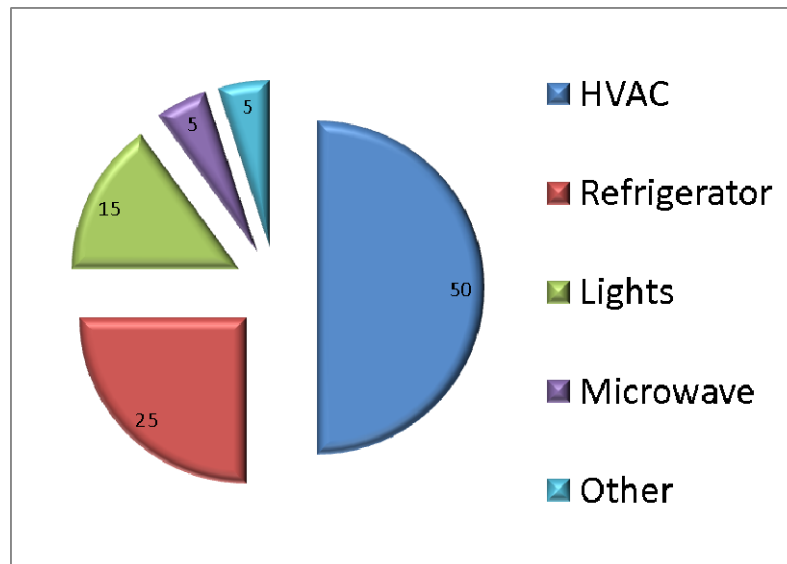
Evaluation metrics

- 10 appliances = 80% of load
- Optimize algorithms for weighted metric:
 - F1 metric includes precision and recall
 - Weight according to appliance's portion of load
- Not just events, but duty cycle

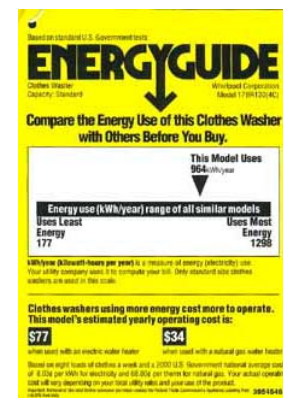
Vision: many uses for detailed energy information



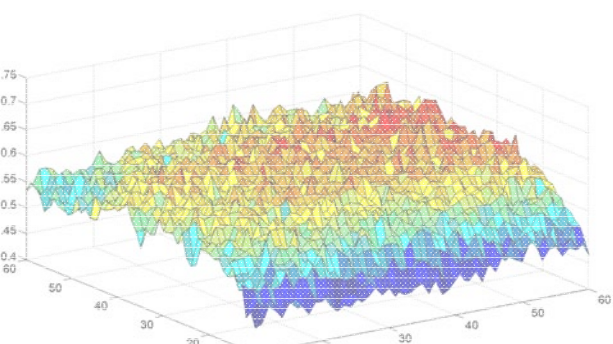
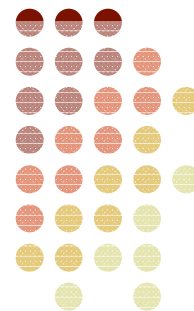
Machine Learning



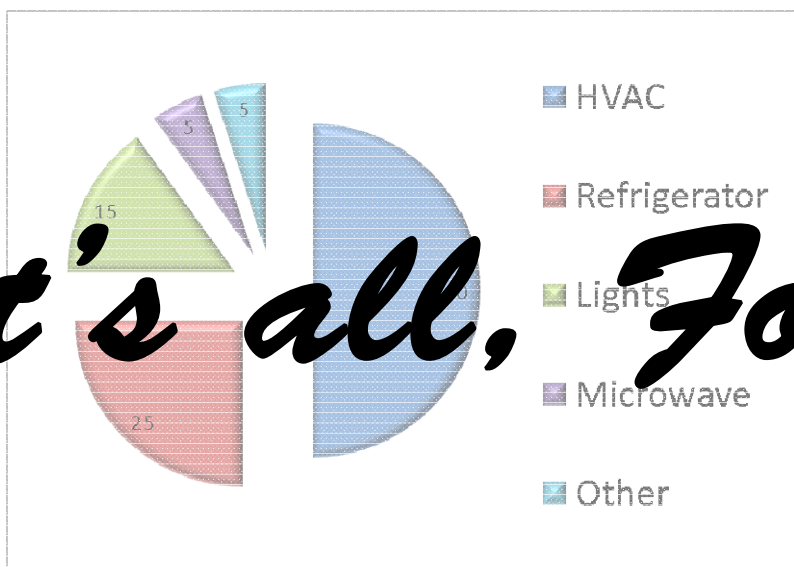
wesabe



Vision: many uses for detailed energy information



Machine Learning



That's all, Folks!

